Organizational Conflicts of Interest Policy - 5.13.P (12/15/99)

Last Update: (12/15/99) ABachicha:dal - 5.13.P.0

Background - 5.13.P.1

Policy - 5.13.P.2

Guideline - 5.13.G

Last Update: (12/15/99) ABachicha:dal - 5.13.P.0

This policy has been reformatted for placement on Sandia's External Web site.

Background - 5.13.P.1

Public laws 95-39 and 95-70 enacted in 1977 requires that any person/Contractor proposing to enter into a contract, agreement, or other arrangement, whether competitive bid or negotiation, for the conduct of research, development, evaluation activities or for technical and management services, provide all relevant information bearing on whether that person/Contractor has a possible conflict of interest.

Policy - 5.13.P.2

It is SNL's policy to identify and avoid or mitigate organizational conflicts of interest before entering into contracts, agreements, or other procurement arrangements. An OCI exists when the nature of the work to be performed under a proposed contract, agreement or other procurement arrangement may, without some restriction on future activities:

- result in an unfair competitive advantage to the Contractor, or
- impair the Contractor's objectivity in performing the work.

Note: This policy does not apply to procurements where the total value does not exceed \$100,000. The total value of the procurement includes the value of all options.

Send feedback on ideas and information on this page to the Process Expert, Adolph Bachicha.

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